

Special Notices.

COCO CREAM FOR THE HAIR.
Coco Cream for the Hair.
Coco Cream for the Hair.
Away with your Gray Hair.
Away with your Gray Hair.
No more faded Pomades!
No more faded Pomades!
If you want something elegant,
If you desire soft and silky Hair,
If you want your Hair preserved,
If you want your Hair to grow
If you want to prevent premature Baldness,
If you want to be rid of Dandruff,
Use the Coco Cream.
Use the Coco Cream.
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Use the Coco Cream.
Price 15 cents a bottle.
For sale by
LAUGHLIN & BUSHFIELD,
302 1/2

Sewing Machines.

The Latest News.

By the Union Line.

Office, corner of Monroe and Water streets.

The Ketchum Defalcation.

Applications for Pardon.

The Trial of Wertz.

NEWS FROM THE INDIANS.

More About the Great Cable.

Affairs in North Carolina.

The Ketchum Defalcation—Applications for Pardon Still Pouring in on the President—He does not view them Favorably—Wants the Colored Troops Withdrawn.

New York, August 19.—No new developments of importance in the alleged Ketchum gold check forgery case were made yesterday, and the excitement regarding the matter in financial circles has considerably abated. No traces of Edward Ketchum have yet been discovered. It is considered almost certain that he has not gone to Europe, and there is strong belief that he is still in the city or vicinity. A reward of \$5,000 has been offered for his arrest by the Importers' and Traders' National Bank.

The Times' Washington special says that applications for pardon still pour in by the hundreds every day. About four hundred were received to-day. Governor Sherman sends them up from Mississippi. Governor Polk from Florida. Parsons from Alabama, and Governor Holden from North Carolina. From Georgia come fewer than from any other of the Southern States. Governor Johnson does not believe in the efficacy of pardons as strongly as some of his brethren. He thinks reflection, meditation and true repentance better than amnesty oaths and lip service loyalty. Neither does he believe that the appointment of Provisional Governors confers unlimited powers, nor that it authorizes him to usurp the functions conferred only by the constitution; and until the constitution of the State of Georgia is strictly conformable with the constitution of the United States and the proclamation of emancipation, he will fill the local offices in that State. Twenty Virginians of the \$20,000 class were pardoned to-day.

Major John B. Castleman and Lieut. William E. Mumford, of the rebel army, arrested last winter as spies within our lines and confined at Indianapolis, have been paroled by the President to leave the country.

Fayette W. Miller, of Virginia, member of the late Congress, arrived here yesterday armed with a letter from Governor Polk to the Secretary of War, recommending the withdrawal of the colored troops from the State because they are highly obnoxious to the loyal Virginians. Mr. Miller will have an interview with the Secretary to-day. The order for the withdrawal of the said black troops has not been issued.

Wertz to Give States Evidence in Jeff. Davis' Trial—From the Indian Country—Sentences Remitted.

(Special to Herald, Washington, 18th.)
New York, Aug. 19.—An opinion has been confidently expressed to-day by persons competent to judge, that the government will not undertake the trial of Wertz, but will cause that person to give States evidence in the approaching trial of Jeff. Davis, whereby it will be proved that the rebel President was the direct and prime instigator of the cruelties practiced upon Union prisoners and the numbers of other atrocities which were committed in the Indian country during the progress of the war. It is known that Wertz has expressed his desire to make important revelations as to the extent that Davis was implicated in the outrages of Southern prisons.

Telegrams were received from Maj. Gen. Pope to-day at the Indian Bureau, containing a statement from Gen. Sully, conducting the military expedition in Dakota, announcing that there is no doubt that a permanent treaty can now be secured by the Government with the Sioux and Cheyenne tribes on the upper Missouri river. In endorsing this intelligence and referring it to Secretary Bayard, Gen. Pope suggested that a civil or military person in the section resident in by those Indians, should be appointed to a court for treating with them. In addition to the above Gen. Sully remarks that in that quarter inhabitants are apprehensive that the coming winter will be one of great severity, and that food and clothing will be scarce, and that they will immediately be released from custody and furnished with transportation to their homes.

Abstract Report of the Great Cable Expedition.

New York, Aug. 19.—An abstract of the report of the officers of the telegraph cable expedition is published, showing the following facts:

The breaking occurred about 12.30 o'clock, P. M., of the 21st inst., where the water was 3,900 yards deep, and when over twelve hundred miles of cable had been paid out, in consequence of its becoming injured by chafing in the stern of the ship while hauling a portion of it on board the Great Eastern to remove another defect in the insulation, which had been discovered after losing it. It was grappled three times, being on one of the occasions brought to within 1200 yards of the water's surface, but the weight was too much for the grappling rope which each time broke and dropped the cable. The last attempt to raise it was made on the 7th inst., when not meeting with success, a buoy was placed over the spot where it was lost, and the Great Eastern sailed for England, and her consort, the Terrible and Galatia for St. John's, where the latter vessel arrived on last Tuesday evening as heretofore announced.

Labelled for Confiscation.

New York, Aug. 19.—The property of Hoyer and Ludwig of this city has been labelled for confiscation. These men are immensely rich and did the entire engraving of bank notes, bonds, and checks, for the late rebel government. The last night a party of about twenty men broke into their place and removed the property. The men are now in custody.

Activity at Atlanta.

New York, Aug. 19.—The Augusta Transcript learns from a gentleman just from Atlanta that the place is covered with refugees from the rebel army. The loss of the city is a great one. Large numbers of old residents have returned and new ones are flocking in. Houses command higher rents on a gold basis than in 1860. New buildings of a cheap character are springing up in every direction to accommodate the sudden and pressing demand.

Denver, Aug. 14.—The Constitutional Convention adjourned on Saturday night. The election for the adoption or rejection of the constitution is fixed for the third Tuesday of September.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—The week opens favorably for increased exertion in commercial and industrial pursuits. Imports of goods in first hands are light, and jobbers show more disposition to replenish stocks. The mining stock market is dull.

New York, Aug. 19.—By the steamer George Cromwell, we have New Orleans advices to the 12th. The Times' Brownsville correspondent says the Liberals had been steadily successful in the State of San Luis, driving the Imperial forces into the defenses of San Luis Potosi. The people fed and assisted the guerrillas in every way possible, and show themselves utterly opposed to Maximilian. The back-bone never prevails so largely in Brownsville, that many of our officers are resigning.

DIFFICULTIES IN NORTH CAROLINA.
BEAUFORT, N. C., August 14.—Mr. Dickson, a leading merchant of this city, recently from Fayetteville, says it is not safe for a Union man to express his sentiments in this city. Two men were shot and killed recently, one of them being a Union man. The sheriff would not permit them to land and informed them that if they were men they would be served as such people were before the war. While in Fayetteville, Mr. D. saw a negro was standing in the street, and the public square, and received four lashes from a civil officer recently appointed by Governor Holden. Collisions between the military authorities and representatives of the provisional government occur continually, and the officers of the army are looked upon with contempt. The Wilmington Herald says that upon the plea of respect for the United States authorities the national forces were withdrawn from Fayetteville, but a result to the contrary has been of speedy development.

The Raleigh Progress says the military authorities, finding themselves deceived, have found it necessary to Garrison Fayetteville with negro troops.

No More National Banks—Another Defalcation.
New York, August 19.—The Post's special says:

The receipts from internal revenue yesterday reached almost \$2,000,000. It is understood that no more national banks will be authorized except in cases where the applications were filed prior to the 1st of August.

The full amount of currency to be issued by the national banks has been authorized, which is the reason for this determination.

The Commercial says another defalcation, amounting to one hundred thousand dollars, perpetrated by a teller in the Wall street bank, was several days since detected. The bankman, in order to save the reputation of his principal, arranged with his friends to make good the loss to the bank. Thus it was hushed up.

The Special Military Commission—Fire in the Lincoln Hospital.
Washington, August 19.—The Special Military Commission of which Maj. Gen. Wallace is President, met this morning for the first time, in accordance with orders of the War Department. Judge Advocate General Holt was absent. The Commission in secret session merely organized and adjourned until Monday.

Prisoners other than Captain Wertz will be tried before it. The charges and specifications against him will not be made known until his arraignment.

At a late hour last night four of the wards of the Lincoln Hospital in the eastern part of the city, was destroyed by fire, and four others were pulled down to prevent the spread of the flames to the dry and therefore readily combustible timber of which the buildings are composed. The patients were several days previously removed.

Terrible Warfare in Mexico.
NEW ORLEANS, August 17.—The Galveston and Houston papers have the following:

General Leon Smith, arrived at Galveston from Brazos Santiago, says the manner in which the warfare is carried on in Mexico is perfectly terrible; neither side take any prisoners, but murder all they capture.

The military authorities at Galveston exert themselves assiduously to prevent order, but robberies prevail to a large extent.

The Houston Telegraph says: "The army worm is ravaging in the interior. A planter in Wharton county says the free negroes in that county are generally doing better than supposed they would, but are not so numerous as with those on my place and am having no trouble with them whatever."

Speech of Gen. Sickles.
BOSTON, Aug. 19.—Maj. Gen. Sickles, lately appointed to the command of the 21st District, Department of the East, comparing the States of Massachusetts, New Hampshire and Vermont, was introduced last evening, and made a short speech from the steps of the Parker House, in which he said that the state of his health would prevent him from making a lengthy speech, but would take the opportunity to offer his congratulations to the successful close of the war, and the honorable peace of the country.

He spoke of the good conduct and valor of the New England troops which it had been his fortune to command, and expressed his belief that the military supervision of the New England States which he had the honor to command, would not be a very onerous task. The General was received with much enthusiasm.

A Thieving Railroad Man.
New York, August 19.—The Daily News says that Albert A. Jones, freight collector on the Erie railroad, has been perpetrating a series of robberies. His salary was \$1,000 per year; he has been arrested, and is now in custody, the city representing his salary, and splendid apartments on Broadway, representing his stealings, and in which he entertained his female friends. These rooms were made a perfect seraglio. An investigation of his account shows that he stole \$3,000 in one day, and that he has been stealing for some time.

The Gold Market.
New York, August 19.—Gold continues to tend upward from a combination of causes. The market for gold is at present at least the Sub-Treasury has suspended its sale. There is a demand for the South at the rate of about three fourths of a million a week. The purchases for customs are at the rate of about two million per week, while the advance on foreign exchange to meet the specie shipping has been considerable. An early resumption of gold exports. These circumstances naturally force up the premium. There is very little speculation. The price this morning has ranged at 133 1/2 to 144 1/2.

THE GREAT CABLE.
NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The detailed statement of the loss of the Atlantic cable gives a little clearer account of the manner in which the cable was parted. It appears the picking-up apparatus brought the cable so near to the bows of the Great Eastern that at every lurch the vessel made, she chafed and cut it so that it could not stand the strain. Indeed, the cable was a part of the time under the fore foot of the ship.

New York, August 19.—The Waterbury Bank this morning commenced suit against Morris Ketchum and Son for \$75,000, the balance of \$100,000 deposited with the latter parties.

Boston, August 19.—Governor Andrew has been unanimously invited by the trustees of Antioch College to become President of the institution. His acceptance of the office is considered doubtful.

SUNDAY NIGHT'S REPORT.
FOREIGN NEWS.

FATHER POINT, Aug. 20.—The steamer Belgien, which left Liverpool at 1 p. m. on the 10th and London on the 11th, next day, passed this point last evening. Her dates are five days later than those of the China and City of Cork.

The condition of the Atlantic Cable remained unchanged. No news had been received of the Great Eastern or her consort. The delay in her return renders the probability that something might have happened the tanks in which the cable was stored and that it might have been necessary to buoy the cable until the tanks were made good. At a meeting of the Atlantic Telegraph Company in London, on the 19th, it was decided to convert the cable into shares, to be consolidated 8 per cent. preference stock and to issue additional stock to the amount of \$20,000, to complete the present cable and construct a second. The chairman, Hon. J. S. Wortley, said he had no information to give the meeting, but hoped for the best information.

He said the shareholders should be encouraged and persevered. The meeting was unanimous. GREAT BRITAIN.—Satterthwaite's Circular of the 9th says: American securities remained steady for some days, until the arrival of telegrams from the North American, reporting the advance to 25 cents, and the declaration of dividends. This caused much excitement in London. A large business was done at about 35, but on sellers appearing to realize profit, they gave way to 30 1/2; Illinois Central drifted and declined; 30 1/2 was fluctuating between 28 and 29, closing steady at 28 1/2.

New York Market.

New York, August 19.

COTTON.—Firm and more active at 10 1/2 for middling.

FLOUR.—More active and 10 1/2 cents better; \$7,106.70 for extra state; \$8 08 for 85 for extra round hoop Ohio, and \$8 06.10 for 20 for trade brand; market closing quiet and scarcely so firm.

WHEAT.—Firm; western at \$2 10 1/2.

WHEAT.—There was a light supply in market 2 1/2 cents better; in good and choice qualities, part to arrive; \$1 46 1/2 for 100 for Chicago spring; \$1 44 for inferior; \$1 40 for 100 for western; club; \$1 30 1/2 for 100 for winter red western; \$2 14 new amber.

RYE.—Quiet.

BARLEY.—Quiet.

COINS.—Steady; 10 1/2 for unsound; 9 1/2 for sound; 10 1/2 for western.

OATS.—Dull 1 1/2 lower at 62 1/2 for western.

RICE.—Dull.

COFFEE.—Dull Rio 19.

SUGAR.—Active; Cuba Muscovado and Clarified Muscovado at 10 1/2 previous prices.

MOLASSES.—Dull.

PERUANA.—Quiet; 22c for crude; 40 1/2 for refined in bond, and 66 1/2 for 60, free.

PORE.—Dull and lower; at \$31 50 1/2 for new mess, closing at \$31 75 for cash; \$30 00 for 30 for 1863-4 do.; \$21 00 for prime; and \$20 65 for 27 00 for prime mess.

BIRD.—Quiet at \$8 50 1/2 for plain mess; \$10 00 1/2 for extra mess.

BEEF HAMS.—Dull.

CITY MEATS.—Steady; at 14 1/2 for 10 1/2 for shoulders; 14 1/2 for hams.

BACON.—Dull.

LARD.—Rather firm at 19 1/2.

BUTTER.—In demand at 21 1/2 for Ohio, and 30 1/2 for State.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, August 19.

MONEY.—Rather more steady at 7 per cent.

STERLING EXCHANGE.—Quiet at 109 1/2.

AMERICAN GOLD.—A shade firmer; opening at 143 1/2, advancing to 144 1/2, and closing at 143 1/2.

Total exports of specie to-day, \$201,074.

Government stocks are firmer.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.

COTTON.—Quiet; receipts of 305 bales.

FLOUR.—Dull and unchanged.

WHEAT.—Declining; new at \$1 50 1/2 10, and choice white at \$2 30.

CORN.—Firm.

OATS.—New 30 1/2.

RYE.—Eighty cents.

TORRAGE.—Unchanged; Shipping leaf \$10 00 1/2; manufacturing leaf \$16 75 to \$50 00.

WHEAT.—Sales 50 bbls, at \$2 22.

Stock Market.

NEW YORK, August 19, Noon.

STOCKS.—Strong; 6-20s, registered, 104 1/2; coupons, 104 1/2; new issue, 104 1/2; 10-40 coupons, 97 1/2; second series, 104 1/2; Western Union Telegraph, 78; New York Central, 62 1/2; Erie, 82 1/2; Reading, 102 1/2; Michigan Central, 106; Michigan Southern, 62 1/2; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 67; Chicago and North-western, 27 1/2; pref'd 60 1/2; Chicago and Rock Island, 106.

Gold opened at 143 1/2, advancing to 144 1/2 and closed at 144.

Pittsburg Live Stock Market.

PITTSBURGH, August 19.—The market for cattle has been moderately active this week, the transactions in the aggregate being somewhat larger than last week, and as a general thing the bulk of those on sale were of better quality than usual. The most noticeable feature, however, is the large number of receipts, and especially has this been the case during the past day or two. During the early part of the week the general tone of the market was buoyancy and activity, but towards the close, in view of the large arrivals, buyers hesitated, and as a general thing, concessions were made. There is falling off in the demand for stock cattle, and notwithstanding the arrivals continue large, prices for this particular grade are firm and well-sustained, ranging from 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 for very common to medium, and 6 1/2 to 7 1/2 for choice. Really good calves are in demand for shipment, and we give 7 to 7 1/2 as the ruling figures for the best, and 6 to 6 1/2 for good to medium. The shipments to Philadelphia, so far this week, have been quite large, and it is estimated that including to-day's shipments, nearly two thousand head will have gone to that market.

Sheep.—Market firmer and more active, and with a good shipping demand. Prices, as compared with last week, have advanced from 5 1/2 to 5 3/4 per pound. We quote good mutton sheep at from 5 1/2 to 5 3/4, some choice 5 1/2. The improvement here may be attributed to an improvement in the east, which will be reflected in the price of wool. Stock sheep remain about as last quoted.

Hogs.—Quiet but steady, and receipts for this market light. The demand continues fair, and as compared with last week, prices have undergone no quotable change. Good averages may be quoted at \$11 to \$11 50, and choice at \$12 00.

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